

Dominion Retail, Inc.
120 Tredegar St.
Richmond, VA 23219

Electricity Facts for Generation Service

Generation Price	Residential, Rate R or RT
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All kWhs	11.37 cents/kWh
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Prices do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery.

The Dominion Retail, Inc. ("Dominion") Generation Services Charge ("GSC") for United Illuminating ("UI") residential Rate R or RT is 11.37 cents/kWh. This rate is constant 24 hours a day and does not vary at different times of the day. In addition to the Dominion charges, you continue to be responsible for paying UI's local distribution charges, taxes and other fees approved by the Department of Public Utility Control. The current published total residential distribution charge as of 1/1/07 for UI is 9.4834 cents/kWh.

Contract	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Terms & Conditions: Please review the enclosed LEVCO provided "Application to Switch Electric Provider" for all terms and conditions of the agreement. Term/Cancellation: Term is through December 31, 2007. Customer has until midnight three days after receiving this notice to cancel enrollment. Customer may also cancel at any time after enrollment without penalty.
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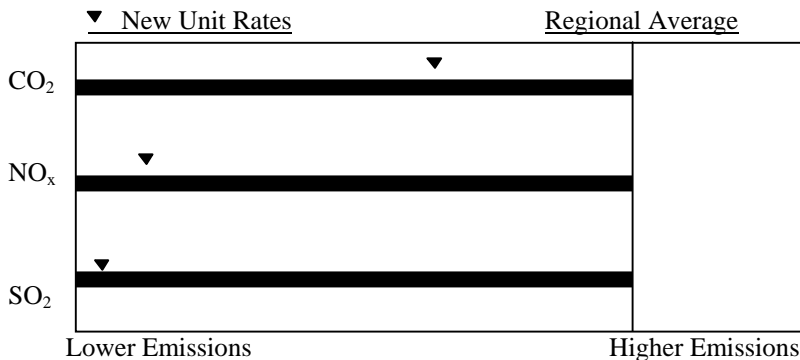
Power Sources

Dominion projects that demand for this electricity product through December 2007 will be assigned generation from the following sources. If these percentages change, new information will be disclosed.

Power Source	Known Resources	System Power	Total
Biomass		0.8%	0.8%
Coal		15.5%	15.5%
Diesel		2.1%	2.1%
Digester gas		0.0%	0.0%
Fuel cell		0.0%	0.0%
Hydroelectric/Hydropower		6.1%	6.1%
Jet		1.5%	1.5%
Landfill gas		0.4%	0.4%
Municipal solid waste		1.2%	1.2%
Natural Gas		34.0%	34.0%
Nuclear		28.9%	28.9%
Oil		6.6%	6.6%
Solar Photovoltaic		0.0%	0.0%
Trash-to-energy		1.7%	1.7%
Wind		0.0%	0.0%
Wood		1.0%	1.0%
TOTAL		100%	100%

Dominion Retail fulfills its Class I, Class II and Class III Renewable requirements with the purchase of Renewable Energy Credits (RECs)

Air Emissions
Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x) and Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) emission rates from these sources relative to the regional average, and to the emission rates of a new generating unit.



The Regional Average and New Unit information is based on 1998 data and was provided by the Massachusetts Department of Telecommunications and Energy

Notes

- See the reverse side for further information on this label. You may also call Dominion at 1-888-284-3558, or the Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control at 1-888-922-3782.
- Learn more about Dominion on the web at www.dom.com

Label Description

Generation Price and Contract:

Generation Prices displayed are the actual price per kWh at all usage levels. Contract items displayed represent the length of your contract for generation service, and the price terms included in your contract. See your recent bills to determine average monthly use, and your Terms and Conditions for additional information.

Power Sources:

The electricity that you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power throughout the region as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a power supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Known Resources include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, the supplier. System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Biomass refers to power plants that are fueled by wood or other plant matter. Hydro resources of greater than 30 megawatts in size are deemed "large hydro." All other hydro resources are deemed "small hydro." Other Renewables include fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas and ocean thermal.

Emissions:

Emissions for each of the following pollutants are presented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. Arrows represent, for each pollutant, the emission rate from a hypothetical new generation facility.

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) is released when fossil fuels (e.g. coal, oil and natural gas) are burned. Carbon Dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to global warming.

Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog), and may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high level exposure. NO_x also contributes to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters which is destructive to fish and other animal life.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO₂ include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO₂ combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams and accelerates the decay of buildings and monuments.

Updated 1/8/2007